Second Opinion

Case-Based Discussions Focused on the Management of Metastatic Prostate Cancer



A special audio supplement to a CME conference held during the 2014 Genitourinary Cancers Symposium featuring expert comments on the application of emerging research to patient care

Faculty Interviews

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From the publishers of:

Prostate Cancer[™]













Second Opinion: Case-Based Discussions Focused on the Management of Metastatic Prostate Cancer

A Continuing Medical Education Activity

OVERVIEW OF ACTIVITY

Prostate cancer (PC) is the most frequently diagnosed cancer in men, with an estimated 233,000 new cases in 2014 in the United States. Although virtually all locally advanced or metastatic tumor sites are initially reliant on androgen stimulation for growth and respond to treatment with androgen deprivation therapy, inevitably resistance to hormone blockade develops, culminating in the recurrence of highly aggressive castration-resistant PC (CRPC). Recently published randomized, controlled studies focused specifically on this population have led to the emergence of novel therapeutic strategies for patients with CRPC and resulted in a paradigm shift to the multidisciplinary care of this disease. A number of pivotal data sets illustrating the benefits of several novel agents indicate that additional therapeutic options may soon be available that will warrant consideration for integration into PC care. The treatment landscape and available options for PC have thus broadened, making choices more challenging for many healthcare professionals and patients, and a once-stagnant systemic treatment algorithm, largely confined to medical or surgical castration, has evolved into delivery of cutting-edge antineoplastic therapy necessitating learning opportunities for urologists and medical oncologists. This CME program uses one-on-one interviews with 2 leading PC clinical investigators and faculty at a recent satellite symposium to discuss cases and questions submitted by attendees. This program will assist practicing clinicians in formulating up-to-date and appropriate clinical management stratecies.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Recall existing and emerging research information demonstrating the effects of secondary hormonal interventions on
 quality and quantity of life for patients with chemotherapy-naïve or pretreated CRPC, and use this information to guide
 treatment planning for these patients.
- Effectively apply evidence-based research findings in the determination of best-practice use of available immunotherapeutic, chemotherapeutic and secondary hormonal agents for patients with metastatic PC.
- Consider available Phase III clinical trial data documenting the efficacy of radium-223 dichloride in patients with PC
 and bone metastases, and formulate strategies to appropriately use this recently approved radiopharmaceutical agent.
- Explore the emerging data and active research evaluating novel agents in the setting of PSA-only recurrent or advanced PC, and discuss the biologic basis for their clinical activity.
- Counsel appropriately selected patients with biochemically recurrent, asymptomatic and symptomatic metastatic PC about availability of and participation in ongoing clinical trials.

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FACULTY — The following faculty (and their spouses/partners) reported real or apparent conflicts of interest, which have been resolved through a conflict of interest resolution process: **Dr Beer** — Contracted Research: Astellas, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, ImClone Systems, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly and Company, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation. **Dr Sartor** — Advisory Committee: Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, Sanofi; Consulting Agreements: Algeta ASA, Bavarian Nordic, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, Biscayne Pharmaceuticals Inc, Medivation Inc, OncoGenex Pharmaceuticals Inc, Sanofi; Contracted Research: AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, Millennium: The Takeda Oncology Company, Progenics Pharmaceuticals Inc, Sanofi.

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POST-TEST

Second Opinion: Case-Based Discussions Focused on the Management of Metastatic Prostate Cancer

QUESTIONS (PLEASE CIRCLE ANSWER):

- Which of the following was observed in the Phase III PREVAIL study comparing enzalutamide to placebo in patients with chemotherapy-naïve metastatic CRPC (mCRPC)?
 - a. Risk of death was reduced by 29% with enzalutamide
 - Risk of radiographic disease progression was reduced by 81% with enzalutamide
 - c. Both a and b
- A quality-of-life (QoL) analysis reported by Beer and colleagues of patients with asymptomatic androgen-dependent PC receiving sipuleucel-T demonstrated no clinically significant negative impact on QoL after sipuleucel-T treatment.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- The Phase III ALSYMPCA study demonstrated which of the following with radium-223/best standard treatment compared to placebo/best standard treatment in men with symptomatic CRPC and bone metastases?
 - a. Improved survival but increased thrombocytopenia with radium-223
 - b. Improved survival but increased rate of second primary cancers with radium-223
- 4. In the ALSYMPCA study more than half of the patients had previously received docetaxel.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- In the ELM-PC 5 trial evaluating orteronel/prednisone versus placebo/ prednisone for patients with mCRPC that has progressed during or after docetaxel-based therapy, the primary endpoint of overall survival was met.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 6. The ongoing Phase III RTOG-1115 trial is evaluating dose-escalated radiation therapy and androgen deprivation therapy with or without ______ for men with high-risk PC.
 - a. Abiraterone acetate
 - b. Cabazitaxel
 - c. Cabozantinib
 - d. Enzalutamide
 - e. Orteronel
- 7. Cabozantinib is a small molecule tyrosine kinase inhibitor that targets which of the following?
 - a. FGFR
 - b. VEGFR
 - c. MET
 - d. Both b and c
- The Phase III CHAARTED (ECOG-E3805) study is evaluating androgen ablation therapy with or without docetaxel in patients with hormonesensitive metastatic PC.
 - a. True
 - b. False

EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND CREDIT FORM

Second Opinion: Case-Based Discussions Focused on the Management of Metastatic Prostate Cancer

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PART 1 — Please tell us about your experience with this education	onal activity	
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4 = Excellent $3 = Good$ $2 = A$	dequate 1	= Suboptimal
	BEFORE	AFTER
Results of the Phase III PREVAIL study of enzalutamide in patients with chemotherapy-naïve mCRPC	4 3 2 1	4 3 2 1
Efficacy of enzalutamide in patients with visceral metastases	4 3 2 1	4 3 2 1
ALSYMPCA safety update: Radium-223 and risk of myelosuppression and second primary cancers	4 3 2 1	4 3 2 1
Potential clinical implications of the Phase III CHAARTED (ECOG- E3805) study evaluating androgen ablation therapy with or without docetaxel for hormone-sensitive metastatic PC	4 3 2 1	4 3 2 1
Effects of cabozantinib on bone pain in patients with CRPC	4 3 2 1	4 3 2 1
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This activity validated my current practice Create/revise protocols, policies and/or procedures Change the management and/or treatment of my patients Other (please explain):		
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As a result of this activity, I will be able to:		
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EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND CREDIT FORM (continued)

 Counsel appropriately selected patie asymptomatic and symptomatic mer participation in ongoing clinical trials 	tastatic PC about ava	ilability of an							
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