Breast Cancer® D A T U р E

Conversations with Oncology Investigators Bridging the Gap between Research and Patient Care

FACULTY INTERVIEWS

Hope S Rugo, MD Sara A Hurvitz, MD

EDITOR Neil Love, MD

CONTENTS

1 Audio CD

Bonus Audio: Access approximately 60 minutes of additional content available only on the web at ResearchToPractice.com/BCU116







G Subscribe to Podcasts or download MP3s of this program at ResearchToPractice.com/BCU116

Follow us at Facebook.com/ResearchToPractice 🏏 Follow us on Twitter @DrNeilLove





Editor	Neil Love, MD
Director, Clinical Content and CPD/CME	Kathryn Ault Ziel, PhD
Scientific Director	Richard Kaderman, PhD
Editorial	Clayton Campbell
	Marilyn Fernandez, PhD
	Gloria Kelly, PhD
	Kemi Obajimi, PhD
	Margaret Peng
Creative Manager	Fernando Rendina
Graphic Designers	Tamara Dabney
	Silvana Izquierdo
Managing Editor	Kirsten Miller
Senior Production Editor	Aura Herrmann
Copy Editors	Rosemary Hulce
	Pat Morrissey/Havlin
	Alexis Oneca
Production Manager	Tracy Potter
Audio Production	Frank Cesarano
Web Master	John Ribeiro
Faculty Relations Manager	Stephanie Bodanyi, CMP
Continuing Education Administrator for Nursing	Karen Gabel Speroni, BSN, MHSA, PhD, RN
Contact Information	Neil Love, MD Research To Practice One Biscayne Tower 2 South Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 3600 Miami, FL 33131
	Fax: (305) 377-9998 Email: DrNeill.ove@ResearchToPractice.com
For CME/CNE Information	Email: CE@ResearchToPractice.com

Copyright © 2016 Research To Practice. All rights reserved.

The compact disc, Internet content and accompanying printed material are protected by copyright. No part of this program may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording or utilizing any information storage and retrieval system, without written permission from the copyright owner. The opinions expressed are those of the presenters and are not to be construed as those of the publisher or grantors.

Participants have an implied responsibility to use the newly acquired information to enhance patient outcomes and their own professional development. The information presented in this activity is not meant to serve as a guideline for patient management.

Any procedures, medications or other courses of diagnosis or treatment discussed or suggested in this activity should not be used by clinicians without evaluation of their patients' conditions and possible contraindications or dangers in use, review of any applicable manufacturer's product information and comparison with recommendations of other authorities.

Breast Cancer Update — A Continuing Medical Education Audio Series

OVERVIEW OF ACTIVITY

Breast cancer (BC) continues to be one of the most rapidly evolving fields in medical oncology. Results from numerous ongoing trials lead to the continual emergence of new therapeutic agents, treatment strategies and diagnostic and prognostic tools. In order to offer optimal patient care — including the option of clinical trial participation — the practicing cancer clinician must be well informed of these advances. Featuring information on the latest research developments along with expert perspectives, this CME activity is designed to assist medical oncologists, hematologists-oncologists and hematology-oncology fellows with the formulation of up-to-date clinical management strategies.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Develop an evidence-based algorithm for the treatment of hormone-sensitive advanced BC, including the use of endocrine, biologic and chemotherapeutic agents.
- Implement a long-term clinical plan for the management of metastatic HER2-positive BC, incorporating existing, recently approved and investigational targeted treatments.
- Consider the use of available biomarkers and genomic assays to assess risk and individualize therapy for patients in the neoadjuvant, adjuvant and extended-adjuvant settings.
- Appraise novel treatment strategies under investigation in advanced BC (eg, anti-PD-1/PD-L1 antibodies, antiandrogens).
- Counsel appropriately selected patients with BC about participation in ongoing clinical trials investigating novel therapeutic agents and strategies.

ACCREDITATION STATEMENT

Research To Practice is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education to provide continuing medical education for physicians.

CREDIT DESIGNATION STATEMENT

Research To Practice designates this enduring material for a maximum of 2.5 *AMA PRA Category 1 CreditsTM*. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

AMERICAN BOARD OF INTERNAL MEDICINE (ABIM) — MAINTENANCE OF CERTIFICATION (MOC)

Successful completion of this CME activity enables the participant to earn up to 2.5 MOC points in the American Board of Internal Medicine's (ABIM) Maintenance of Certification (MOC) program. Participants will earn MOC points equivalent to the amount of CME credits claimed for the activity. It is the CME activity provider's responsibility to submit participant completion information to ACCME for the purpose of granting ABIM MOC credit.

Please note, this program has been specifically designed for the following ABIM specialty: medical oncology.

Personal information and data sharing: Research To Practice aggregates deidentified user data for program-use analysis, program development, activity planning and site improvement. We may provide *aggregate* and *deidentified* data to third parties, including commercial supporters. We do not share or sell personally identifiable information to any unaffiliated third parties or commercial supporters. Please see our privacy policy at ResearchToPractice.com/ Privacy-Policy for more information.

HOW TO USE THIS CME ACTIVITY

This CME activity contains an audio component. To receive credit, the participant should review the CME information, listen to the CD and bonus web-only audio, complete the Post-test with a score of 80% or better and fill out the Educational Assessment and Credit Form located in the back of this booklet or on our website at **ResearchToPractice.com/BCU116/ CME**.

This activity is supported by educational grants from bioTheranostics Inc, Eisai Inc, Genentech BioOncology, Genomic Health Inc, Lilly and Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation.

Release date: September 2016; Expiration date: September 2017

If you would like to discontinue your complimentary subscription to *Breast Cancer Update*, please email us at **Info@ResearchToPractice.com**, call us at (800) 648-8654 or fax us at (305) 377-9998. Please include your full name and address, and we will remove you from the mailing list.

CME INFORMATION

FACULTY AFFILIATIONS



Hope S Rugo, MD

Professor of Medicine Director, Breast Oncology and Clinical Trials Education University of California, San Francisco Helen Diller Family Comprehensive Cancer Center San Francisco, California



Sara A Hurvitz, MD

Associate Professor of Medicine Director, Breast Oncology Program Division of Hematology/Oncology University of California, Los Angeles Medical Director, Jonsson Comprehensive Cancer Center Clinical Research Unit Los Angeles, California Co-Director, Santa Monica-UCLA Outpatient Oncology Practices Santa Monica, California

EDITOR



Neil Love, MD Research To Practice Miami, Florida

CONTENT VALIDATION AND DISCLOSURES

Research To Practice (RTP) is committed to providing its participants with high-quality, unbiased and stateof-the-art education. We assess conflicts of interest with faculty, planners and managers of CME activities. Conflicts of interest are identified and resolved through a conflict of interest resolution process. In addition, all activity content is reviewed by both a member of the RTP scientific staff and an external, independent physician reviewer for fair balance, scientific objectivity of studies referenced and patient care recommendations.

FACULTY — The following faculty (and their spouses/partners) reported relevant conflicts of interest, which have been resolved through a conflict of interest resolution process: **Dr Rugo** — Contracted Research: Eisai Inc, Genentech BioOncology, GlaxoSmithKline, Lilly, MacroGenics Inc, Merck, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation, Pfizer Inc, Plexxikon Inc, Roche Laboratories Inc; Speakers Bureau: Genomic Health Inc. **Dr Hurvitz** — Contracted Research: Amgen Inc, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, BioMarin Pharmaceuticals Inc, Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc, Dignitana, Genentech BioOncology, GlaxoSmithKline, Lilly, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation, OBI Pharma Inc, Pfizer Inc, Puma Biotechnology Inc.

EDITOR — Dr Love is president and CEO of Research To Practice, which receives funds in the form of educational grants to develop CME activities from the following commercial interests: AbbVie Inc, Acerta Pharma, Agendia Inc, Arngen Inc, Array BioPharma Inc, Astellas Pharma Global Development Inc, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Baxalta Inc, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, Biodesix Inc, bioTheranostics Inc, Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc, Boston Biomedical Pharma Inc, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, Celgene Corporation, Clovis Oncology, CTI BioPharma Corp, Daiichi Sankyo Inc, Dendreon Pharmaceuticals Inc, Eisai Inc, Exelixis Inc, Foundation Medicine, Genentech BioOncology, Genomic Health Inc, Gilead Sciences Inc, ImmunoGen Inc, Incyte Corporation, Infinity Pharmaceuticals Inc, Janssen Biotech Inc, Jazz Pharmaceuticals Inc, Lilly, Medivation Inc, Merck, Merrimack Pharmaceuticals Inc, Myriad Genetic Laboratories Inc, NanoString Technologies, Natera Inc, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation, Novocure, Onyx Pharmaceuticals, an Amgen subsidiary, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Prometheus Laboratories Inc, Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc, Sigma-Tau Pharmaceuticals Inc, Sirtex Medical Ltd, Spectrum Pharmaceuticals Inc, Taiho Oncology Inc, Takeda Oncology, Teva Oncology, Tokai Pharmaceuticals Inc and VisionGate Inc.

RESEARCH TO PRACTICE STAFF AND EXTERNAL REVIEWERS — The scientific staff and reviewers for Research To Practice have no relevant conflicts of interest to disclose.

This educational activity contains discussion of published and/or investigational uses of agents that are not indicated by the Food and Drug Administration. Research To Practice does not recommend the use of any agent outside of the labeled indications. Please refer to the official prescribing information for each product for discussion of approved indications, contraindications and warnings. The opinions expressed are those of the presenters and are not to be construed as those of the publisher or grantors.

Interview with Hope S Rugo, MD

Tracks 1-12

Track 1	PHEREXA: Results of a Phase III trial
	of trastuzumab/capecitabine with or
	without pertuzumab after disease
	progression on trastuzumab-based
	therapy for HER2-positive metastatic
	breast cancer (mBC)

- Track 2 Therapeutic algorithm for HER2-positive mBC
- Track 3 HERITAGE: Results of a Phase III safety and efficacy trial of the proposed trastuzumab biosimilar Myl-14010 for HER2-positive mBC
- Track 4 Atezolizumab with nanoparticle albumin-bound (*nab*) paclitaxel for metastatic triple-negative BC (mTNBC)
- Track 5 Androgen receptor expression in BC
- Track 6 Investigation of PARP inhibitors in BRCA mutation-positive BC

- Track 7 MINDACT trial: Utility of the MammaPrint[®] assay in selecting patients with BC and 0 to 3 positive nodes for adjuvant chemotherapy
- Track 8 Comparison of the Onco*type* DX[®] 21-gene and MammaPrint assays
- Track 9 Prevention of everolimus-associated stomatitis in postmenopausal women with ER-positive mBC
- Track 10 Management of mTOR inhibitorassociated fatigue and pneumonitis
- Track 11 Use of cooling caps for patients receiving chemotherapy
- Track 12 Clinical experience with the Penguin™ Cold Caps and DigniCap[®] scalpcooling systems

Interview with Sara A Hurvitz, MD

Tracks 13-24

- Track 13 Results of the Phase III MA17R trial: Extending adjuvant letrozole for 5 years after initial 5 years of aromatase inhibitor therapy alone or preceded by tamoxifen for early-stage BC
- Track 14 Use of genomic assays to predict benefit from extended endocrine therapy in ER-positive, HER2negative BC
- Track 15 Efficacy and tolerability of the CDK4/6 inhibitor palbociclib in ER/PR-positive, HER2-negative mBC
- Track 16 MONARCH 1: Results of a Phase II trial of the CDK4/6 inhibitor abemaciclib as monotherapy for ER-positive, HER2-negative mBC
- Track 17 neoMONARCH: A Phase II trial of neoadjuvant abemaciclib for postmenopausal patients with ER-positive, HER2-negative BC
- Track 18 MonarcHER trial: Abemaciclib and trastuzumab with or without fulvestrant for ER-positive, HER2-positive locally advanced or metastatic BC

- Track 19 Activity and side-effect profile of eribulin for patients with mTNBC
- Track 20 Case discussion: A 60-year-old woman with an ER/PR-positive, HER2-negative invasive ductal carcinoma and an Onco*type* DX Recurrence Score[®] of 14
- Track 21
 Perspective on the utility of the MammaPrint assay in clinical practice
- Track 22 Perspective on the ASCO statement on using the Onco*type* DX assay for patients with node-positive disease
- Track 23 Oncotype DX to assist in decisionmaking regarding neoadjuvant chemotherapy
- Track 24 Perspective on the use of Onco*type* DX based on patient age

Bonus Audio Available Exclusively Online

Please visit www.ResearchToPractice.com/BCU116 for additional discussion.

Interview with Hope S Rugo, MD

- Topic 1 Effects of low-fat diet and exercise on outcomes in BC
- Topic 2 Mechanism of action and activity of the investigational immunotherapeutic agent OPT-822/OPT-821 in patients with mBC
- Topic 3 Assessment of tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes and immune checkpoint expression in patients with BC
- Topic 4 Case discussion: A 32-year-old woman with BRCA1 mutation-positive, inflammatory TNBC treated with olaparib
- Topic 5
 Use of platinum agents for patients with BRCA mutations
- Topic 6 Status of the I-SPY 2 trial: Neoadjuvant therapy and personalized, adaptive novel agents in BC
- Topic 7 Data with and ongoing investigation of CDK4/6 inhibitors in ER-positive, HER2-negative mBC
- Topic 8 ExteNET study: Neratinib after trastuzumab-based adjuvant therapy for HER2-positive BC
- Topic 9 KEYNOTE-028 trial: Preliminary efficacy and safety of pembrolizumab in patients with ER-positive, HER2-negative mBC whose tumors express PD-L1
- Topic 10 Clinical experience with pembrolizumab for ER-positive mBC

- Topic 11 Investigation of immune checkpoint inhibitors in TNBC
- Topic 12 CREATE-X trial: Adjuvant capecitabine for patients with HER2-negative residual invasive disease after neoadjuvant chemotherapy

Interview with Sara A Hurvitz, MD

- Topic 13 Results of the Phase III KRISTINE trial: Neoadjuvant T-DM1/pertuzumab versus docetaxel/carboplatin/ trastuzumab/pertuzumab for HER2-positive early BC
- Topic 14 Case discussion: A 30-year-old woman with TNBC and a BRCA1 deleterious mutation
- Topic 15 ABC trial: TC versus anthracycline/ taxane-based chemotherapy for high-risk HER2-negative BC
- Topic 16 BCIRG 006: 10-year follow-up of a Phase III trial comparing AC → T, AC → TH and TC/trastuzumab (TCH) for HER2-positive early BC
- Topic 17 Efficacy and tolerability of the PARP inhibitor talazoparib
- Topic 18 Use of palbociclib/fulvestrant for mTNBC
- Topic 19 Case discussion: A 36-year-old woman with ER/PR-positive, HER2-positive infiltrating ductal carcinoma treated with TCH in conjunction with the DigniCap scalp-cooling device

SELECT PUBLICATIONS

A phase 3, open-label, randomized, parallel, 2-arm, multi-center study of talazoparib (BMN 673) versus physician's choice in germline BRCA mutation subjects with locally advanced and/or metastatic breast cancer, who have received prior chemotherapy regimens for metastatic disease. NCT01945775

A randomized, placebo-controlled, double-blind, phase 3 study evaluating safety and efficacy of the addition of veliparib plus carboplatin versus the addition of carboplatin to standard neoadjuvant chemotherapy versus standard neoadjuvant chemotherapy in subjects with early stage triple negative breast cancer (TNBC). NCT02032277

Adams S et al. Phase Ib trial of atezolizumab in combination with *nab*-paclitaxel in patients with metastatic triple-negative breast cancer (mTNBC). *Proc ASCO* 2016; Abstract 1009.

Blum JL et al. Interim joint analysis of the ABC (Anthracyclines in Early Breast Cancer) phase III trials (USOR 06-090, NSABP B-46I/USOR 07132, NSABP B-49 [NRG Oncology]) comparing docetaxel + cyclophosphamide (TC) v anthracycline/taxane-based chemotherapy regimens (TaxAC) in women with high-risk, HER2-negative breast cancer. *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract 1000.

Chan A et al. Neratinib after trastuzumab-based adjuvant therapy in patients with HER2-positive breast cancer (ExteNET): A multicentre, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial. Lancet Oncol 2016;17(3):367-77.

Chlebowski RT et al. Low-fat dietary pattern and breast cancer mortality in the Women's Health Initiative (WHI) randomized trial. *Proc AACR* 2016; Abstract CT043.

Dickler MN et al. MONARCH1: Results from a phase II study of abemaciclib, a CDK4 and CDK6 inhibitor, as monotherapy, in patients with HR+/HER2- breast cancer, after chemo-therapy for advanced disease. *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract 510.

Emens LA et al. IMpassion130: A Phase III randomized trial of atezolizumab with *nab*-paclitaxel for first-line treatment of patients with metastatic triple-negative breast cancer (mTNBC). *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract TPS1104.

Finn RS et al. PALOMA-2: Primary results from a phase III trial of palbociclib (P) with letrozole (L) compared with letrozole alone in postmenopausal women with ER+/HER2-advanced breast cancer (ABC). *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract 507.

Goss PE et al. A randomized trial (MA.17R) of extending adjuvant letrozole for 5 years after completing an initial 5 years of aromatase inhibitor therapy alone or preceded by tamoxifen in postmenopausal women with early-stage breast cancer. *Proc ASCO* 2016; Abstract LBA1.

Huang CS et al. Randomized phase II/III trial of active immunotherapy with OPT-822/ OPT-821 in patients with metastatic breast cancer. *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract 1003.

Hurvitz SA et al. Pathologic complete response (pCR) rates after neoadjuvant trastuzumab emtansine (T-DM1 [K]) + pertuzumab (P) vs docetaxel + carboplatin + trastuzumab + P (TCHP) treatment in patients with HER2-positive (HER2+) early breast cancer (EBC) (KRISTINE). *Proc* ASCO 2016;Abstract 500.

I-SPY 2 trial (Investigation of Serial Studies to Predict Your Therapeutic Response with Imaging and moLecular Analysis 2). NCT01042379

monarcHER: A phase 2, randomized, multicenter, 3-arm, open-label study to compare the efficacy of abemaciclib plus trastuzumab with or without fulvestrant to standard-of-care chemotherapy of physician's choice plus trastuzumab in women with HR+, HER2+ locally advanced or metastatic breast cancer. NCT02675231

Nanda R et al. **Pembrolizumab in patients with advanced triple-negative breast cancer: Phase Ib KEYNOTE-012 study.** *J Clin Oncol* 2016;34(21):2460-7.

Piccart M et al. Primary analysis of the EORTC 10041/BIG 3-04 MINDACT study: A prospective, randomized study evaluating the clinical utility of the 70-gene signature (MammaPrint) combined with common clinical-pathological criteria for selection of patients for adjuvant chemotherapy in breast cancer with 0 to 3 positive nodes. *Proc AACR* 2016;Abstract CT039.

Rugo HS et al. Heritage: A phase III safety and efficacy trial of the proposed trastuzumab biosimilar Myl-1401O versus Herceptin. *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract LBA503.

Rugo HS et al. Prevention of everolimus/exemestane (EVE/EXE) stomatitis in postmenopausal (PM) women with hormone receptor-positive (HR+) metastatic breast cancer (MBC) using a dexamethasone-based mouthwash (MW): Results of the SWISH trial. *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract 525.

Rugo HS et al. Preliminary efficacy and safety of pembrolizumab (MK-3475) in patients with **PD-L1-positive**, estrogen receptor-positive (ER+)/HER2-negative advanced breast cancer enrolled in KEYNOTE-028. San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium 2015;Abstract S5-07.

Slamon D et al. Ten year follow-up of BCIRG-006 comparing doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide followed by docetaxel (AC \rightarrow T) with doxorubicin plus cyclophosphamide followed by docetaxel and trastuzumab (AC \rightarrow TH) with docetaxel, carboplatin and trastuzumab (TCH) in HER2+ early breast cancer. San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium 2015;Abstract S5-04.

Toi M et al. A phase III trial of adjuvant capecitabine in breast cancer patients with HER2-negative pathologic residual invasive disease after neoadjuvant chemotherapy (CREATE-X, JBCRG-04). San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium 2015;Abstract S1-07.

Urruticoechea A et al. PHEREXA: A phase III study of trastuzumab (H) + capecitabine (X) \pm pertuzumab (P) for patients (pts) who progressed during/after one line of H-based therapy in the HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer (MBC) setting. *Proc* ASCO 2016;Abstract 504.

Vidula N et al. Androgen receptor (AR) expression in primary breast cancer (BC): Correlations with clinical characteristics and outcomes. *Proc ASCO* 2016;Abstract 1072.

Winer E et al. **KEYNOTE-119: A randomized phase III study of single-agent pembrolizumab (MK-3475) vs single-agent chemotherapy per physician's choice for metastatic triplenegative breast cancer (mTNBC).** *Proc ASCO* 2016;**Abstract TPS1102**. Breast Cancer Update — Issue 1, 2016

QUESTIONS (PLEASE CIRCLE ANSWER):

- 1. The Phase III PHEREXA trial evaluating trastuzumab/capecitabine with or without pertuzumab after disease progression on trastuzumab-based therapy for HER2-positive mBC met its primary endpoint of progression-free survival.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 2. The Phase III HERITAGE trial comparing the trastuzumab biosimilar MyI-14010 to trastuzumab for patients with HER2-positive mBC demonstrated ______ efficacy with MyI-14010.
 - a. Greater
 - b. Lesser
 - c. Equivalent
- Results presented at ASCO 2016 by Adams and colleagues evaluating atezolizumab in combination with *nab* paclitaxel for patients with mTNBC indicated that the combination is tolerable with promising activity.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4. The anti-PD-1 agent pembrolizumab and the anti-PD-L1 agent atezolizumab typically produce response rates of approximately for patients with mTNBC.
 - a. 18% to 20%
 - b. 35% to 40%
 - c. 60% to 70%
- Results reported at ASCO 2016 by Rugo and colleagues from the Phase II SWISH trial demonstrated that prophylactic use of an oral dexamethasone solution markedly decreased the incidence and severity of stomatitis in patients receiving everolimus/ exemestane for ER-positive mBC.
 - a. True
 - b. False

- 6. The Phase III EMBRACA trial is evaluating ______ for patients with BRCA mutation-positive locally advanced or metastatic BC.
 - a. Niraparib
 - b. Olaparib
 - c. Talazoparib
 - d. Veliparib
- 7. The Phase III MA17R trial evaluating the extension of adjuvant letrozole for 5 years after an initial 5 years of aromatase inhibitor therapy alone or preceded by tamoxifen for early-stage BC demonstrated no improvement in outcomes with the extended duration of aromatase inhibitor therapy.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 8. Data presented at ASCO 2016 from the Phase III PALOMA-2 trial evaluating palbociclib with letrozole versus letrozole alone for patients with ER-positive, HER2-negative advanced BC who had not received prior systemic therapy for their advanced disease

the significant clinical benefit and safety of this combination previously reported by the Phase II PALOMA-1 trial.

- a. Confirmed
- b. Failed to confirm
- 9. Single-agent activity has been reported with which of the following CDK4/6 inhibitors in patients with ER-positive, HER2-negative mBC?
 - a. Abemaciclib
 - b. Palbociclib
 - c. Ribociclib
 - d. None of the above

10. Which of the following strategies is being evaluated in the Phase II MonarcHER trial?

- a. Concurrent targeting of the HER2 and hormonal pathways
- Addition of a CDK4/6 inhibitor to anti-HER2 therapy
- c. Both a and b

EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND CREDIT FORM

Breast Cancer Update — Issue 1, 2016

Research To Practice is committed to providing valuable continuing education for oncology clinicians, and your input is critical to helping us achieve this important goal. Please take the time to assess the activity you just completed, with the assurance that your answers and suggestions are strictly confidential.

PART 1 — Please tell us about your experience with this educational activity

How would you characterize your level of knowledge on the following topics?

4 = Excellent $3 = Good$ 2	= Adequate	1 = Suboptimal
	BEFORE	AFTER
Efficacy of atezolizumab alone or in combination with <i>nab</i> paclitaxel for mTNBC	4321	4321
PHEREXA: Results of a Phase III trial of trastuzumab/capecitabine with or without pertuzumab after disease progression on trastuzumab-based therapy for HER2-positive mBC	4321	4321
Activity and tolerability of CDK4/6 inhibitors (abemaciclib, palbociclib, ribociclib) for ER-positive mBC	4321	4321
Use of the 70-gene MammaPrint assay to identify patients with early- stage BC who will not gain clinically meaningful benefit from chemo- therapy	4321	4321
Results of the Phase III MA17R trial: Extending adjuvant letrozole for 5 years after initial 5 years of aromatase inhibitor therapy alone or preceded by tamoxifen for early-stage BC	4321	4321
Investigation of antiandrogens, PARP inhibitors and immune checkpoint inhibitors in mBC	4321	4321
Vas the activity evidence based, fair, balanced and free from commercial Yes No If no, please explain: Please identify how you will change your practice as a result of completing poly). This activity validated my current practice Create/revise protocols, policies and/or procedures Change the management and/or treatment of my patients Other (please explain):	ing this activity (
f you intend to implement any changes in your practice, please provide		ples:
The content of this activity matched my current (or potential) scope of p		
Yes No If no, please explain:		
Please respond to the following learning objectives (LOs) by circling the $4 = \text{Yes} 3 = \text{Will consider} 2 = \text{No} 1 = \text{Already doing} \text{N/M} = \text{LO n}$		
s a result of this activity, I will be able to:		
 Develop an evidence-based algorithm for the treatment of hormone- sensitive advanced BC, including the use of endocrine, biologic and chemotherapeutic agents. 	4	321N/MN
 Implement a long-term clinical plan for the management of metastatic HER2-positive BC, incorporating existing, recently approved and investigation 	tional	

EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND CREDIT FORM (continued) As a result of this activity, I will be able to: Consider the use of available biomarkers and genomic assays to assess risk and individualize therapy for patients in the neoadjuvant, adjuvant and extended-adjuvant settings. Appraise novel treatment strategies under investigation in advanced BC (eg, anti-PD-1/PD-L1 antibodies, antiandrogens). Counsel appropriately selected patients with BC about participation in ongoing clinical trials investigating novel therapeutic agents and strategies. Y N/M N/A Please describe any clinical situations that you find difficult to manage or resolve that you would like to see addressed in future educational activities:

Would you recommend this activity to a colleague?

🗆 Yes 🔅 No

If no, please explain:

PART 2 — Please tell us about the faculty and editor for this educational activity

4 = Excellent	3 = Good	2 = Adequate	1 = Suboptimal		
Faculty	Knowledge	of subject matter	Effectiveness as an educator		
Hope S Rugo, MD	4 3	3 2 1	4 3 2 1		
Sara A Hurvitz, MD	4 3	3 2 1	4 3 2 1		
Editor	Knowledge	of subject matter	Effectiveness as an educator		
Neil Love, MD	4 3	3 2 1	4 3 2 1		

REQUEST FOR CREDIT — Please print clearly

Name:			Specialt	V:		
Professional Designation: MD DO PharmD	□ NP	□ RN	□ PA	Other		
Street Address:				Box/Suite: .		
City, State, Zip:						
Telephone:		Fax:				
Email:						
Research To Practice designates the <i>Credits</i> TM . Physicians should claim the activity. I certify my actual time spent to co	only the crea	dit commen	surate wit	h the extent of	f their participat	
Signature:				Date:		
I would like Research To Practic points. I understand that because I share personally identifiable inform	am request	ting MOC cr	edit, Rese	arch To Practi		
Additional information for MOC cre	dit (required	l):				
Date of Birth (Month and Day Only):	/	ABIM 6-Di	git ID Num	1ber:		
If you are not sure of your ABIM ID	, please visit	t http://www	v.abim.org	/online/findcar	nd.aspx.	
The expiration date for this activity, pl and Credit Form and fax both Biscayne Tower, 2 South Bisca complete the Post-test and Ec BCU116/CME.	lease compl to (800) 44 ayne Boule	lete the Po 47-4310, c vard, Suite	st-test, fil or mail bo 2600, M	l out the Edu oth to Resear Miami, FL 33	cational Åssess ch To Practice, 3131. You may	ment One also

Breast Cancer®

Neil Love, MD Research To Practice One Biscayne Tower 2 South Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 3600 Miami, FL 33131 Copyright © 2016 Research To Practice. This activity is supported by educational grants from bioTheranostics Inc, Eisai Inc, Genentech BioOncology, Genomic Health Inc, Lilly and Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation.

Research To Practice®

Research To Practice is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education to provide continuing medical education for physicians.

Release date: September 2016 Expiration date: September 2017 Estimated time to complete: 2.5 hours

PRSRT STD U.S. POSTAGE **PERMIT #1317** MIAMI, FL PAID